AMERICAN MEDICAL STUDENT ASSOCIATION **HOUSE OF DELEGATES 2017 RESOLUTION: A9**

INTRODUCED BY: Devki Joshi, Chair, Action Committee on Race, Ethnicity and

Culture in Health; Eva Shelton, Programming Coordinator, Action Committee on Race, Ethnicity and Culture in Health; Luis Carlos Perez, Advocacy Coordinator, Action Committee on Race,

Ethnicity and Culture in Health

SCHOOL: SUNY Downstate College of Medicine; University of Wisconsin-

Madison; Baylor College of Medicine

SUBJECT: Principles Regarding Persons with Disabilities

TYPE: Resolution of Principles

1 WHEREAS fair treatment of persons with disabilities is important.

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THEREFORE BE IT RESOLVED that the Principles Regarding Persons with Disabilities (p. 130) be AMENDED to state:

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The American Medical Student Association:

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- 7. URGES all medical schools and health-care providers to continually assess their physical, environmental and attitudinal surroundings/approach in order to provide and maintain a barrier-free, as well as discrimination-free, environment for their students, faculty, staff, patients and visitors;
- 12 a. ENCOURAGES that the 'barrier' be defined by the patient/visitor and/or health-care 13 provider as opposed to solely by the health-care provider; (1997)
- 14 b. URGES the health-care provider to acknowledge the need and provide for auxiliary 15 aids and services, including a sign language interpreter, in communicating with many 16 deaf patients. Therefore, the provider is encouraged to seek out and pay for a qualified and appropriately certified sign language interpreter in such instances that the patient or 18 the physician feels it would improve communication.

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8. ENCOURAGES health-care providers, at minimum, to acknowledge the culture of gain an understanding of people with disabilities and their perspectives on (i.e., nondisability, nonpathological) their impairment.

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FISCAL NOTE: None

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28	REPORT OF REFERENCE COMMITTEE A
29 30	DISCUSSION
31	BOT: Adopt as amended
32	BRD: N/A
33	PRD: Recommend to adopt as written
34	IRD: recommends to adopt as written
35	ACTE: recommends to adopt as written
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37	7b) "Strongly urges the healthcare provider to freely provide for auxiliary aids
38	and language access services such as qualified interpreters to assist with
39	communication barriers for all patients, including but not limited to patients who
40	are deaf or hard of hearing."
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42	Premedical Caucus: N/A
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44	Other Groups: Voted to NA
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46	SUMMARY OF DISCUSSION:
47	PROS: It is necessary to give proper specification of the accommodations in reference to
48	the barriers to healthcare.
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50	CONS: The terminology of the speciation of the services to overcome barriers should be
51	free and include barriers beyond physical disability such as language. And the relevance
52	of the disability and barriers of language was unclarified.
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55	REFERENCE COMMITTEE COMMENTS:
56	Although language barrier is not specifically a disability, however, ACTE stated that it is
57	relevant and appropriate based on current law. For ACTE stated that the disabilities and
58	limited English proficiency both serve as a barrier to healthcare are often grouped
59	together and therefore logically should be grouped within our PPP.
60	All resions and arrange surment the adoption of this resolution
61	All regions and groups support the adoption of this resolution
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64	REFERENCE COMMITTEE RECOMMENDATION:
65	REFERENCE COMMITTEE RECOMMENDATION.
66	Adopt as amended
67	Adopt as amended
68	7. URGES all medical schools and health-care providers to continually assess their
69	physical, environmental and attitudinal surroundings/approach in order to provide and
70	maintain a barrier-free, as well as discrimination-free, environment for their students,
71	faculty, staff, patients and visitors;
72	a. ENCOURAGES that the 'barrier' be defined by the patient/visitor and/or health-care
73	provider as opposed to solely by the health-care provider;

b. Strongly urges the healthcare provider to freely provide for auxiliary aids and language access services such as qualified interpreters to assist with communication barriers for all patients, including but not limited to patients who are deaf or hard of hearing.

 8. ENCOURAGES health-care providers, at minimum, to acknowledge the culture of gain an understanding of people with disabilities and their perspectives on (i.e., nondisability, nonpathological) their impairment.